2022 California Transportation Asset Management Plan

# Risk Management Workshop – Day 2

June 30, 2021

Michael B. Johnson State Asset Management Engineer Caltrans, HQ Asset Management





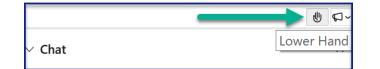
# Workshop Quick-Guide

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- The workshop will be recorded and posted on the Caltrans Asset Management webpage
- Use the Chat to "Everyone" feature to submit questions. We will respond to questions during the workshop as well as a Q&A at the end of the presentation
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- If you need technical assistance with the workshop or have questions later, you can submit questions via email to: CT-TAM@dot.ca.gov







# Agenda – Day 2

1:00 P.M. Welcome & Overview

1:10 P.M. Recap of Day 1

1:40 P.M. Complete the 2022 TAMP Risk Assessment

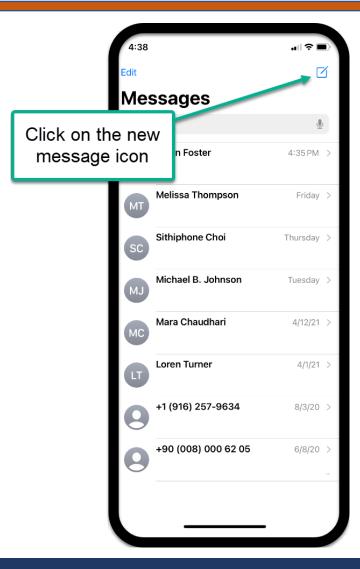
2:30 P.M. Break-out Session on Risk Mitigation Strategies/Actions

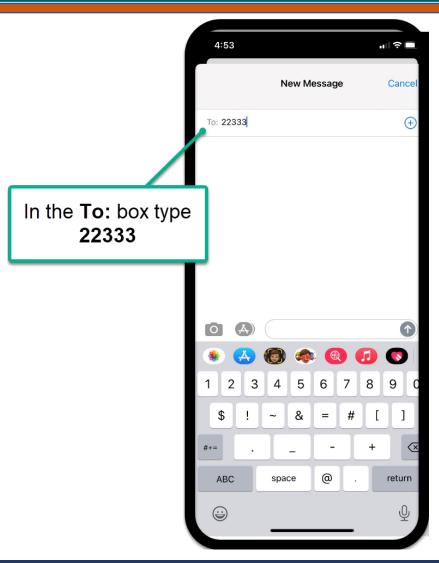
3:50 P.M. Assets Repeatedly Damaged (23 CFR 667)

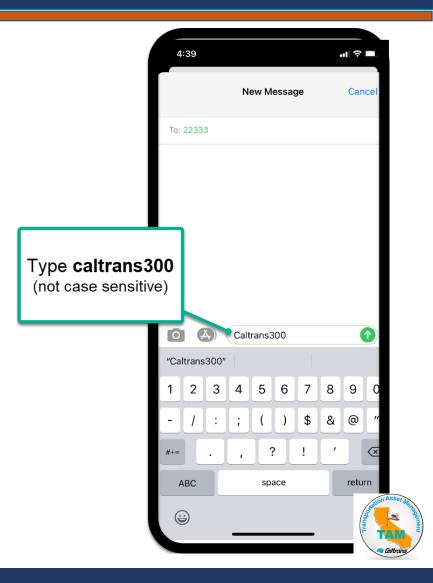
3:55 P.M. Closing Remarks

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# Recap of Day 1

Michael B. Johnson

State Asset Management Engineer
HQ Office of Asset Management, Caltrans



# Risk Management Workshop – Day 1

- Reviewed TAM Risk Management requirements
- Completed assessment of 12 Initial TAMP risks
- Risk were assessed in terms of the likelihood of their occurrence and their impact and consequence if they do occur
- Survey sent out to Day 1 participants to identify any new risks



Source: NCHRP Project 20-24(74) Research Report, 2011

### Results of Risk Assessment – Risk Matrix

	< 1 yr	Med-Low	Medium	Med-High	High	High
Likelihood of Occurrence	1-2 Yrs	Med-Low	Medium	Med-High $f 1$	5 & 10	High
	2-5 Yrs	Low	Med-Low	Medium 2	Med-High	High
	5-10 Yrs	Low	Med-Low	3, 9 & 12	Med-High <b>6</b>	High
	10-25 Yrs	Low	Low	Med-Low	Medium	Med-High
	> 25 Yrs	Low	Low	Med-Low	Medium	Med-High
		No Impact or Cost	Short Term Lane Loss or Cost	Short Term Loss of Route or Medium Cost Impact	Long Term Loss of Route or High Cost	Loss of Critical Route or Very High Cost
			Consec			

# Results of Risk Assessment – Day 1

#### **High Risks:**

- **Risk 5:** If accident reporting is not modernized, we may not accelerate some factors of safety improvements.
- **Risk 10:** If the available funding does not cover our needs, then we will still have some deferred maintenance and operation's needs.

#### **Medium-High Risks:**

- **Risk 1:** If we make projects more complex (by the addition of multiple assets) and involve complete streets, project delivery may be delayed.
- **Risk 6:** If we don't plan for extreme weather events, then bridges, roadways, and structures will be damaged.

# Results of Risk Assessment – Day 1

#### **Medium Risks:**

- **Risk 2:** If we do not coordinate the needs of each asset class or project work, we may not be as efficient as possible (e.g., may be removing new pavements to place new culvert).
- **Risk 3:** If we don't include ITS elements into roadway planning, then we may experience increased congestion and reduced freight mobility.
- Risk 9: If money is spent on the four core assets (bridge, pavement, culverts, ITS) that are in the most need, then there may not be money for assets later down the road and there may not be enough money to "maintain".
- Risk 12: If we do not have reliable asset performance models (including reliable decay rates and reasonable goals, then investment decisions will not be optimal.

Should this risk be included in the TAMP? "If we do not coordinate the needs of each asset class or project work, we may not be as efficient as possible (e.g., may be removing new pavements to place new culvert)."

Yes No

# Should this risk be included in the TAMP? "If we don't include ITS elements into roadway planning, then we may experience increased congestion and reduced freight mobility."

Yes

No

Should this risk be included in the TAMP? "If money is spent on the four core assets (bridge, pavement, culverts, ITS) that are in the most need, then there may not be money for assets later down the road and there may not be enough money to "maintain."

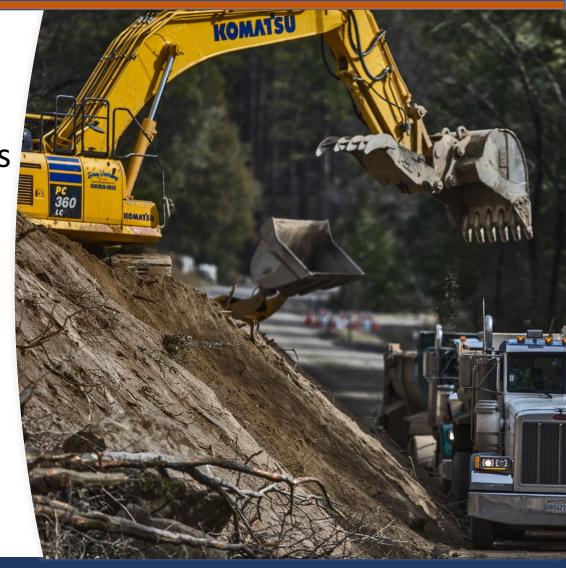
Yes No

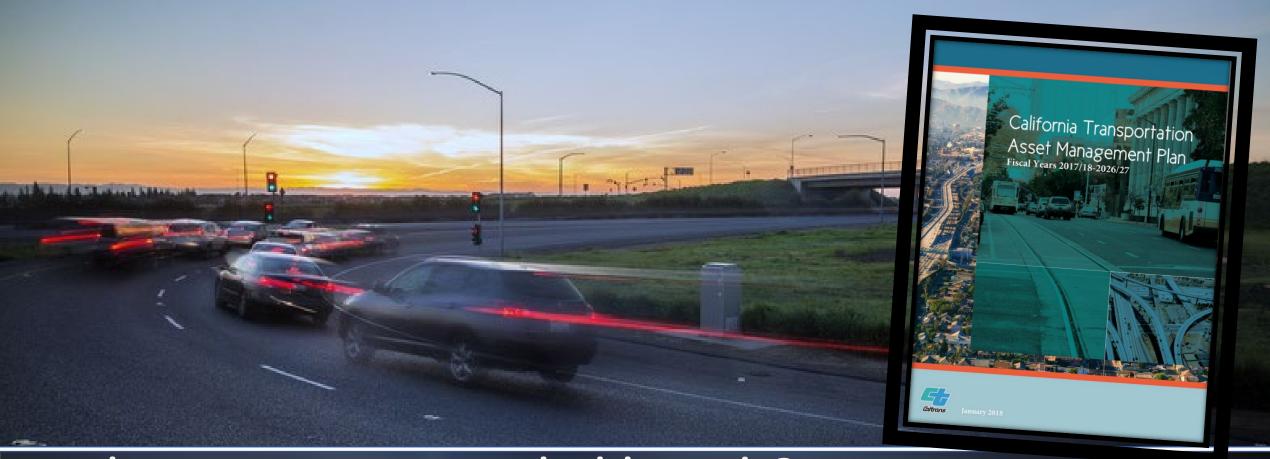
# Should this risk be included in the TAMP? "If we do not have reliable asset performance models (including reliable decay rates and reasonable goals, then investment decisions will not be optimal."

Yes No

# Risk Management Workshop – Day 2

- Need to complete assessment of Initial TAMP risks and any new risks
- Will further discuss high and medium risks in small groups
  - Review and refine risk statements
  - Review and determine risk management strategies
  - For risks needing mitigation, determine appropriate actions/priorities
- Will discuss needed input on repeatedly damaged locations/assets on Local NHS





# Risk Assessment – Likelihood & Consequence

**Dawn Foster** 

TAMP Manager
HQ Office of Asset Management, Caltrans

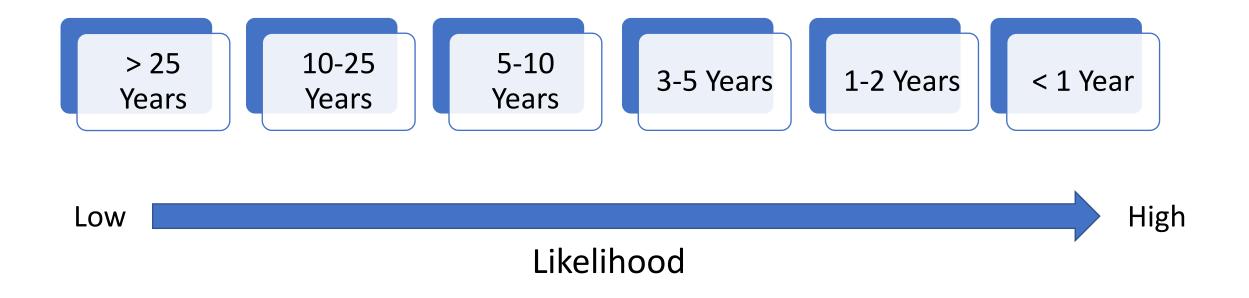
#### Risk Assessment

#### A key tool for conducting a risk assessment is the risk consequence matrix

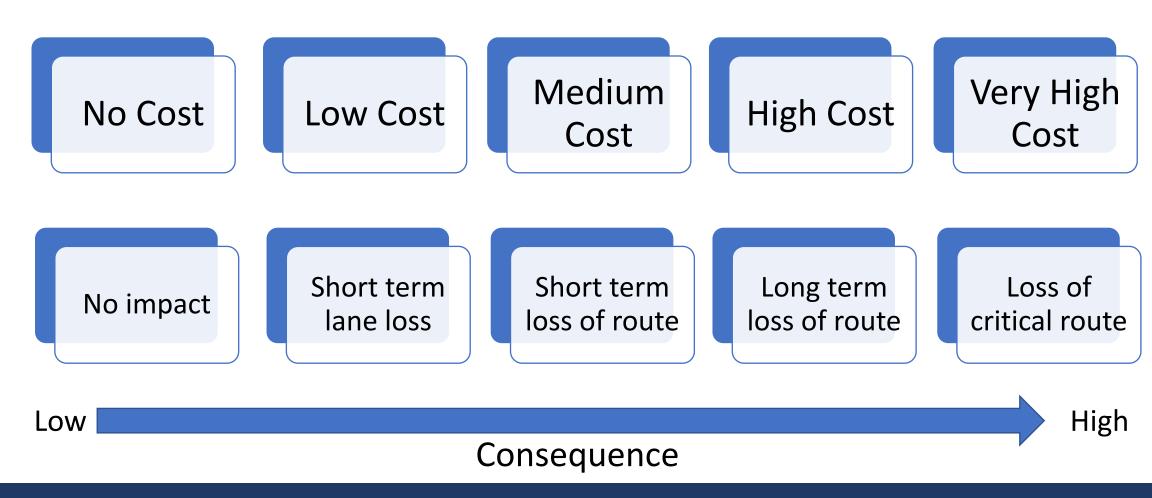
- Provides a common scale by which different groups can assess likelihood and impact of different risks
- A risk's consequence is the product of its likelihood that it will occur times its impact.

			Consec			
Likelihood of Occurrence		No Impact or Cost	Short Term Lane Loss or Cost	Short Term Loss of Route or Medium Cost Impact	Long Term Loss of Route or High Cost	Loss of Critical Route or Very High Cost
	> 25 Yrs	Low	Low	Med-Low	Medium	Med-High
	10-25 Yrs	Low	Low	Med-Low	Medium	Med-High
	5-10 Yrs	Low	Med-Low	Medium	Med-High	High
	2-5 Yrs	Low	Med-Low	Medium	Med-High	High
	1-2 Yrs	Med-Low	Medium	Med-High	High	High
	<1 yr	Med-Low	Medium	Med-High	High	High

# Likelihood that a Risk will Occur (in time)



# Consequence or Impact to the Transportation System (Options for Consequence)



#### Review of Each Risk Statement

- R relevance: is this risk relevant to your agency today?
- influence: do you think the TAMP should be influenced by this risk?
  - It would impact the financial plan and investment strategies
- statement: do you think the risk statement is accurately represented?
  - You will have opportunity to include additional risks during workshop
- K keep in mind: a risk statement is formed by an "IF-THEN" statement

# Initial TAMP Risk 13: If we don't incorporate climate change into system planning models, assets may be permanently damaged. Determine likelihood that risk will occur.

Less than 1 year

1-2 years

2-5 years

5-10 years

10-25 years

# Initial TAMP Risk 13: If we don't incorporate climate change into system planning models, assets may be permanently damaged. Determine consequence to the system.

No Cost or Impact

Low cost or Short term lane loss

Medium Cost or Short term loss of route

High Cost or Long term loss of route

Very High Cost or Loss of critical route

Initial TAMP Risk 14: If we don't train and mentor employees, then we will have large knowledge gaps in the workforce. Determine likelihood that risk will occur.

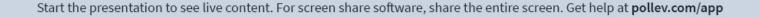
Less than 1 year

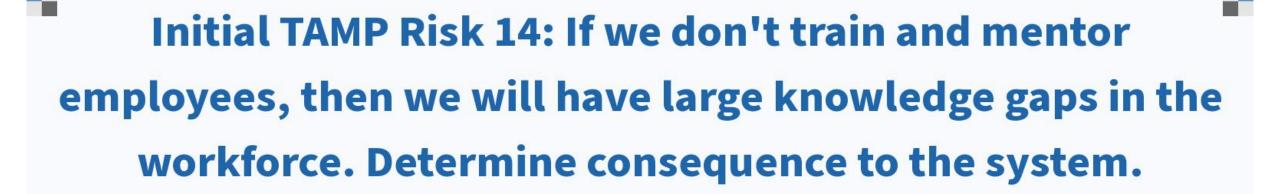
1-2 years

2-5 years

5-10 years

10-25 years





No Cost or Impact

Low cost or Short term lane loss

Medium Cost or Short term loss of route

High Cost or Long term loss of route

Very High Cost or Loss of critical route

Initial TAMP Risk 15: If the Department and regions are unable to use innovative project delivery tools with the new funding, then it may take longer to deliver needed transportation work. Determine likelihood that risk will occur.

Less than 1 year

1-2 years

2-5 years

5-10 years

10-25 years

Initial TAMP Risk 15: If the Department and regions are unable to use innovative project delivery tools with the new funding, then it may take longer to deliver needed transportation work. Determine consequence to the system.

No Cost or Impact
Low cost or Short term lane loss
Medium Cost or Short term loss of route
High Cost or Long term loss of route
Very High Cost or Loss of critical route

Risk N1: If we don't program projects and expenditures by NHS designation and by the federal work types, then investments in pavement and bridges on the NHS will not be accurately identified. Determine likelihood that risk will occur.

Less than 1 year

1-2 years

2-5 years

5-10 years

10-25 years

Risk N1: If we don't program projects and expenditures by NHS designation and by the federal work types, then investments in pavement and bridges on the NHS will not be accurately identified. Determine consequence to the system.

No Cost or Impact
Low cost or Short term lane loss
Medium Cost or Short term loss of route
High Cost or Long term loss of route
Very High Cost or Loss of critical route

Risk N2: If last minute construction strategies change during a freeway rehab or similar project, then local agency impacts are difficult to evaluate and manage. Determine likelihood that risk will occur.

Less than 1 year

1-2 years

2-5 years

5-10 years

10-25 years

Risk N2: If last minute construction strategies change during a freeway rehab or similar project, then local agency impacts are difficult to evaluate and manage. Determine consequence to the system.

No Cost or Impact

Low cost or Short term lane loss

Medium Cost or Short term loss of route

High Cost or Long term loss of route

Very High Cost or Loss of critical route

Risk N3: If infrastructure is exposed or vulnerable to IT Security/Ransomware/Hacking issues, then asset or data systems can be out of function for an extended time.

Determine likelihood that risk will occur.

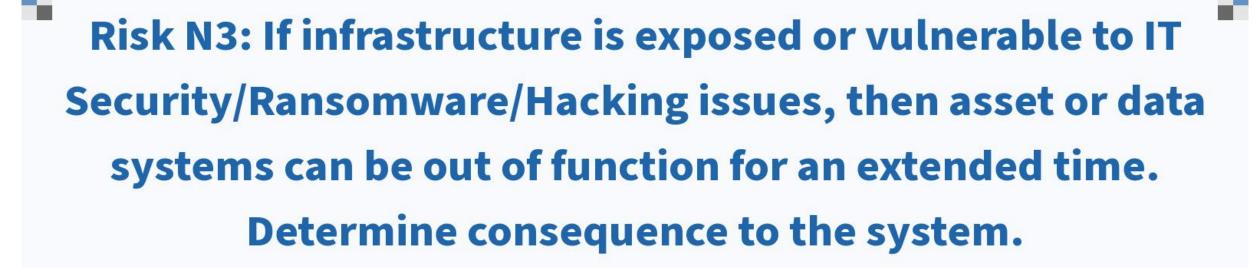
Less than 1 year

1-2 years

2-5 years

5-10 years

10-25 years



No Cost or Impact

Low cost or Short term lane loss

Medium Cost or Short term loss of route

High Cost or Long term loss of route

Very High Cost or Loss of critical route

Risk N5: If the transit system is not maintained in a state of good repair, then the highway system will see more impacts to traffic capacity and to preservation of roads and bridges. Determine likelihood that risk will occur.

Less than 1 year

1-2 years

2-5 years

5-10 years

10-25 years

Risk N5: If the transit system is not maintained in a state of good repair, then the highway system will see more impacts to traffic capacity and to preservation of roads and bridges. Determine consequence to the system.

No Cost or Impact

Low cost or Short term lane loss

Medium Cost or Short term loss of route

High Cost or Long term loss of route

Very High Cost or Loss of critical route

Risk N6: If funding in the Highway Bridge Program continues at the same level for the foreseeable future, then necessary maint. of bridges will be delayed and bridges in good repair could slide into fair and/or poor cond.

Determine likelihood will occur.

Less than 1 year

1-2 years

2-5 years

5-10 years

10-25 years

Risk N6:If funding in the Highway Bridge Program continues at the same level for the foreseeable future, then necessary maint. of bridges will be delayed and bridges in good repair could slide into fair and/or poor cond.

Determine consequence to system.

No Cost or Impact
Low cost or Short term lane loss
Medium Cost or Short term loss of route
High Cost or Long term loss of route
Very High Cost or Loss of critical route

# Any Additional TAMP Risks?





Use "Chat Box" to identify additional risks

Risks need to be in the form of a risk statement

#### Example:

If allowable truck weights increase, then we may need to divert funds to strengthening bridges.

If "X" then "Y"

X = "allowable truck weights increase"

Y = "we may need to divert funds to strengthening bridges"

## Additional Risks



Less than 1 year

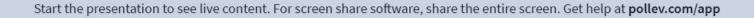
1-2 years

2-5 years

5-10 years

10-25 years

More than 25 years



#### Risk A1: Determine consequence to the system.

No Cost or Impact

Low cost or Short term lane loss

Medium Cost or Short term loss of route

High Cost or Long term loss of route

Very High Cost or Loss of critical route

## Additional Risks



Less than 1 year

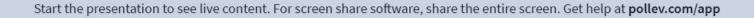
1-2 years

2-5 years

5-10 years

10-25 years

More than 25 years



#### Risk A2: Determine consequence to the system.

No Cost or Impact

Low cost or Short term lane loss

Medium Cost or Short term loss of route

High Cost or Long term loss of route

Very High Cost or Loss of critical route

## Additional Risks

#### Risk A3: Determine likelihood this risk will occur.

Less than 1 year

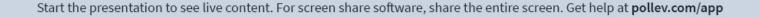
1-2 years

2-5 years

5-10 years

10-25 years

More than 25 years



#### Risk A3: Determine consequence to the system.

No Cost or Impact

Low cost or Short term lane loss

Medium Cost or Short term loss of route

High Cost or Long term loss of route

Very High Cost or Loss of critical route

#### Risk A4: Determine likelihood this risk will occur.

Less than 1 year

1-2 years

2-5 years

5-10 years

10-25 years

More than 25 years



## Additional Risks

#### Risk A4: Determine consequence to the system.

No Cost or Impact

Low cost or Short term lane loss

Medium Cost or Short term loss of route

High Cost or Long term loss of route

Very High Cost or Loss of critical route

#### Risk A5: Determine likelihood this risk will occur.

Less than 1 year

1-2 years

2-5 years

5-10 years

10-25 years

More than 25 years



#### Risk A5: Determine consequence to the system.

No Cost or Impact

Low cost or Short term lane loss

Medium Cost or Short term loss of route

High Cost or Long term loss of route

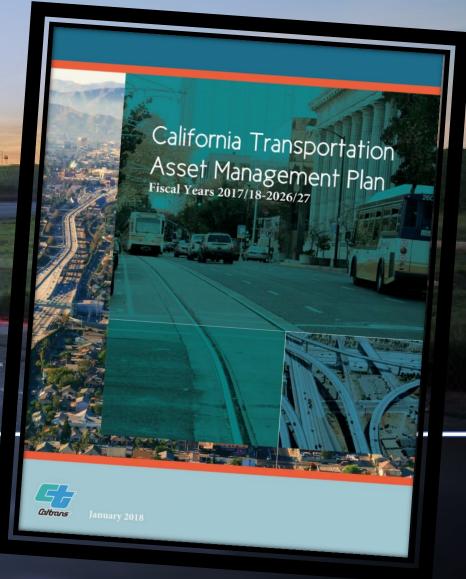
Very High Cost or Loss of critical route



# Risk Mitigation Strategies

Michael B. Johnson

State Asset Management Engineer
HQ Office of Asset Management, Caltrans



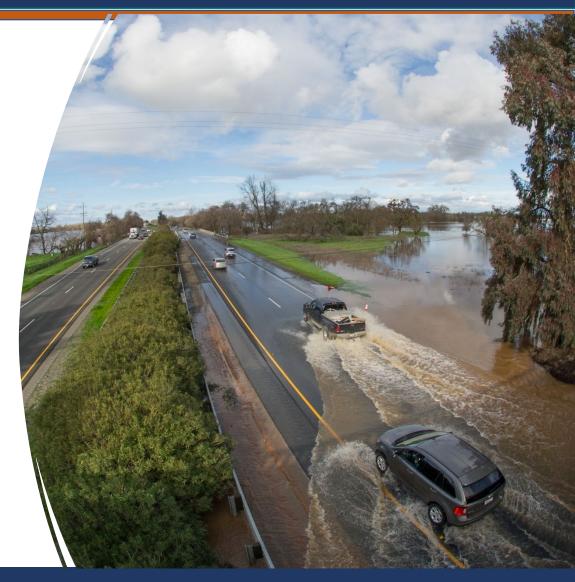
#### Risk Management Process – Where are we?



Source: NCHRP Project 20-24(74) Research Report, 2011

# Risk Mitigation Strategies

- Treat (Mitigate):
  - take actions to reduce risk likelihood and/or consequence
- Tolerate (or Accept):
  - acknowledge risk but take no action
- Terminate (or Avoid):
  - eliminate the threat entirely
- Transfer (Ownership Change):
  - shift ownership and impact of a risk to another party
- Take Advantage (Opportunity):
  - positive effect if risk materializes



### Should Risk be included in the TAMP?

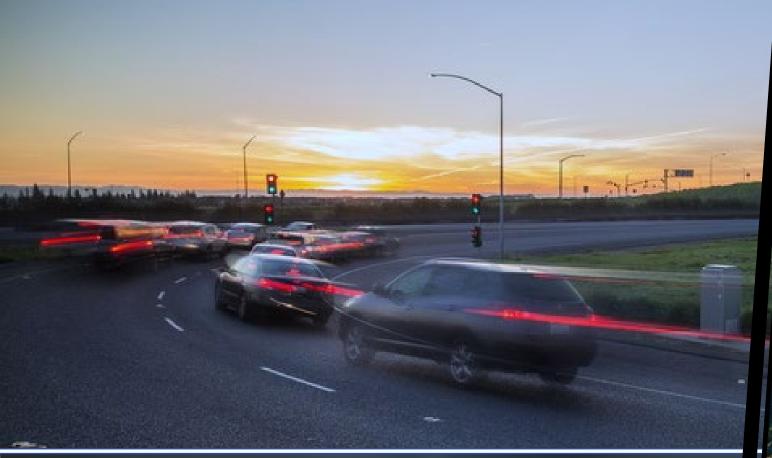
	Can it be		Within TAMP or	
Risk Categories	Anticipated	TAMP Treatment	Elsewhere?	
Succession Planning	Yes	Mitigate	Elsewhere	
Continuity of operation	Yes	Mitigate	Elsewhere	
Changes in policy or priorities	No	Accept	N/A	
Tort Liability	Yes	Mitigate & Accept	TAMP	
Sudden Change in Funding	No	Accept	N/A	
Gradual Funding Loss - Fed Tax paradox	Yes	Accept & Mitigate	TAMP	
Changing legislation	No	Accept	N/A	
Scour Vulnerabilities	Yes	Mitigate	TAMP	
Seismic Vulnerabilities	Yes	Mitigate	TAMP	
Geotechnical Vulnerabilities	Yes	Mitigate	TAMP	
Climate Vulnerabilities	Yes	Mitigate	TAMP	

## Example of Risk Mitigation Approaches

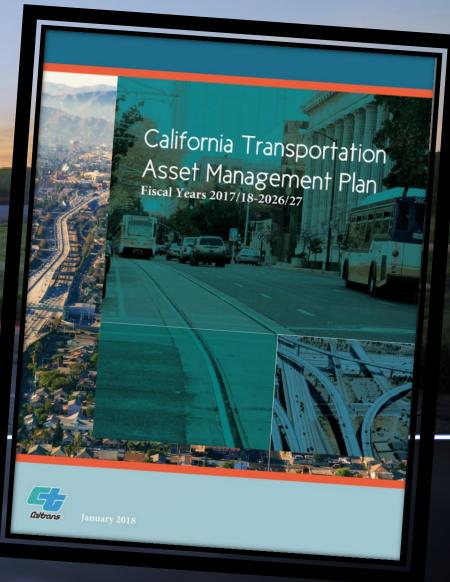
#### **Risk Statement:**

If we don't plan for extreme weather events, then pavement and bridges will be damaged

- Risk Mitigation Approach: Develop Vulnerability Assessments and Adaptation Plans. Develop priority risks within Agency, Region, District, State and use to prioritize funding/projects
- Monitoring Approach: Assign resources and develop implementation plan that includes scope, projects, timeline, costs, etc



**Break-Out Session** 



#### Break-out Session Overview



Each Break-out Session will last 30 minutes



A Facilitator will be assigned to each session



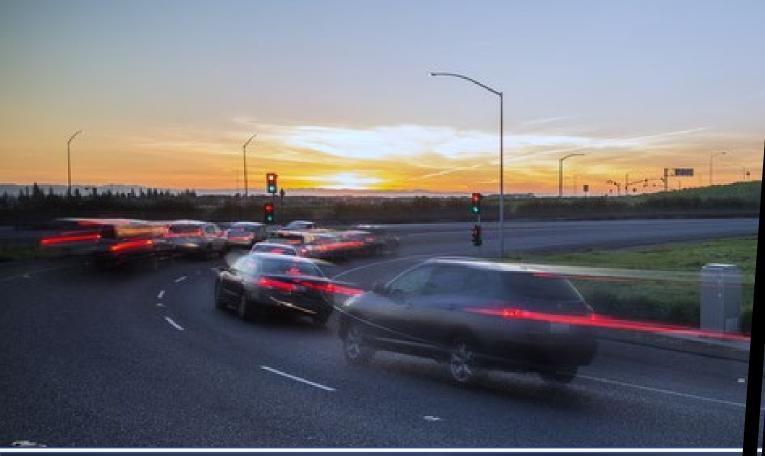
Group participation is needed to make this successful



Results will be presented to everyone after we rejoin the full workshop

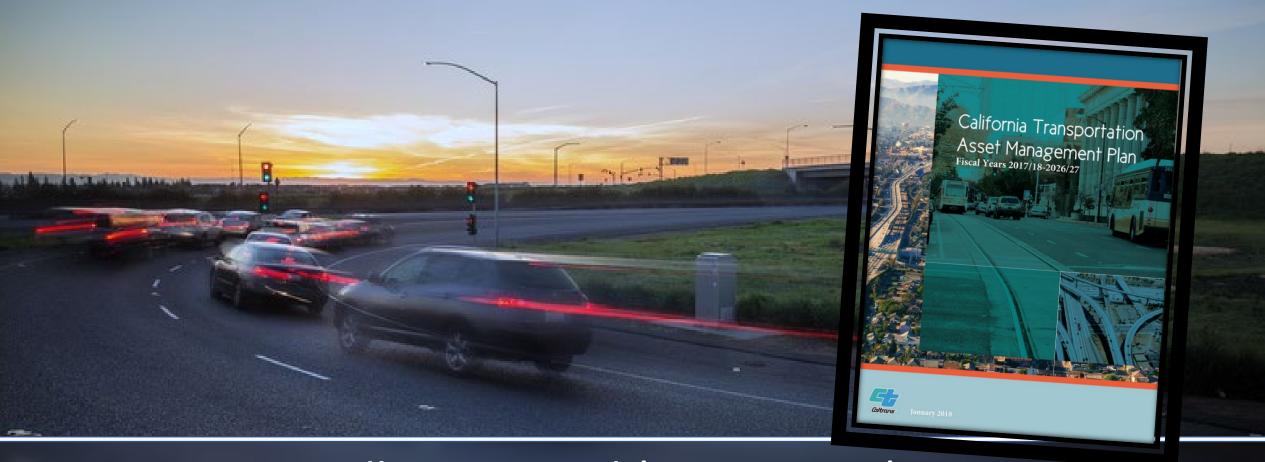
#### Break-out Session Instructions

- For each risk, discuss whether risk statement is appropriate
- Discuss and determine risk management strategy for each risk (5 T's)
- For risks identified for mitigation, discuss and compile appropriate actions
- Determine whether action is high priority for agencies or not
- Determine responsible party and monitoring approach
- Return to workshop and present results



Presentation of Results





# Assets Repeatedly Damaged (23 CFR 667)

**Dawn Foster** 

TAMP Manager

HQ Office of Asset Management, Caltrans

## Repeatedly Damaged Locations





Evaluation of State Emergency Relief Projects reviewed/confirmed by Districts

Funding included in State Highway System Management Plan (2021 SHSMP)

TAMP to include those NHS assets identified as part of the SHSMP inventory



#### **Repeated Damage on Local NHS**

Caltrans reviewed Local Emergency Relief Projects for repeated locations from 2006-2020

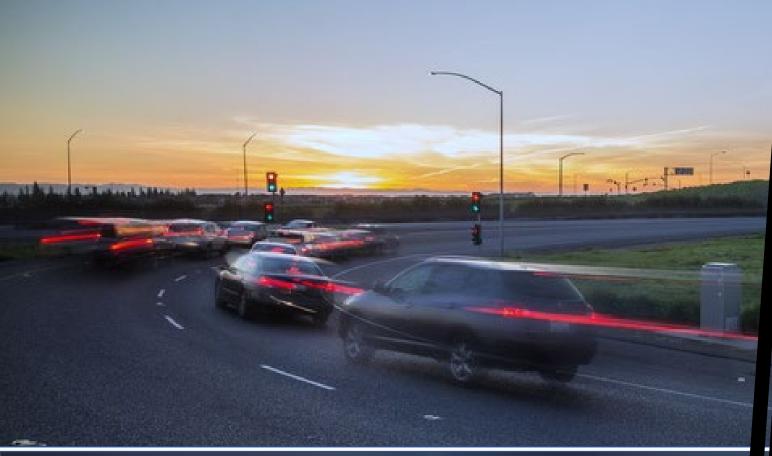
Compiled list for review and confirmation by Locals

Results to be included in TAMP for NHS assets only

## Request for Information

#### Review local ER projects with NHS locations repeatedly identified

Local_Federal	Aid Emergency Relief	Project Summary Review							
MPO	Agency - County 💌	Location	Asset(s) Damaged	Emergency Event Years	<b>Description</b>	On NHS?	Confirmed?	Damage Mitigated?	Comments
AMBAG	Monterey	Metz Road	embankment and pavement	2015, 2017	damage due to storms				
	Santa Cruz	Soquel Road	embankment and pavement	2006, 2017	damage due to storms	yes			
		Eureka Canyon Road	pavement	2006, 2017	damage due to storms				
		Glenwood Drive	pavement	2011, 2017	damage due to storms				
		Zogante Road	culvert, slope, pavement	2016, 2017	damage due to storms				
		Hazel Dell Road	wall and roadway	2016, 2017	damage due to storms				
Humboldt CAG	Humboldt	Mattole Road	culvert, slope, pavement	2010, 2011, 2017, 2019	damage due to storms				
KCOG	Kern	Caliente Bodfish Road	pavement	2011, 2017	damage due to storms				
MTC	Contra Costa	Saint Mary's and Rheem Blvd	embankment and pavement	2006, 2017	damage due to storms				
	Marin	Sir Francis Drake	pavement	2011, 2017	damage due to storms	yes			
	Napa	Wooden Valley Rd	embankment and pavement	2017, 2018	damage due to storms				
	Sonoma	Stewarts Point, Skaggs Springs Rd	culvert, pavement, embankmer	nt 2017, 2019	damage due to storms				
SACOG	Yolo	County Rd 85 & County Rd 87	culvert and pavement	2006, 2017	damage due to storms				
SANDAG	San Diego	Carlsbad Blvd	embankment	2010, 2016	damage due to storms				
SCAG	Los Angeles	Lake Hughes Road	pavement	2015, 2016, 2017	damage due to storms				
		Vasquez Canyon Road	pavement	2008, 2010, 2015, 2017	damage due to storms				
		Angeles Forest Hwy and Big Tejunga	pavement	2010, 2011, 2014, 2017	damage due to storms				
		San Francisquito	pavement	2014, 2015, 2016	damage due to storms				
		Elizabeth Lake	pavement	2014, 2015, 2016	damage due to storms				
		Soledad Canyon Rd	pavement	2014, 2015, 2016	damage due to storms	yes			
		Malibu Canyon Rd	pavement	2008, 2010, 2011, 2017	damage due to storms	yes			
	Orange	Live Oak Canyon and Santiago Rd	embankment and pavement	2008, 2011	damage due to storms	yes			
SLOCOG	San Luis Obispo	Price Canyon Road	embankment, pavement, culvert 2011, 2017		damage due to storms				



# Closing Remarks

Michael B. Johnson

State Asset Management Engineer
HQ Office of Asset Management, Caltrans



## Workshop Summary

Risks in Initial TAMP and Newly identified risks were assessed in terms of likelihood and consequence

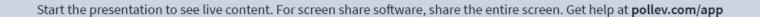
Management of risks were further analyzed by 5 T's

Risks identified for mitigation resulted in actions required by state and/or local partners with further discussion on monitoring approaches

Review of Repeatedly Damaged Assets (23 CFR 667) and request for verification on the Local NHS







## Please Join Us for Developing the 2022 TAMP

2022 TAMP Virtual Workshop #4
Investment Strategies
Date: Tuesday, July 20, 2021

California Transportation
Asset Management Plan
Fiscal Years 2017/18-2026/27

An Email from <a href="mailto:CT-TAM@dot.ca.gov">CT-TAM@dot.ca.gov</a> will be sent to you shortly with further details!

#### Important: Visit Caltrans new TAMP Webpage for a short survey:

https://dot.ca.gov/programs/asset-management/california-transportationasset-management-plan



