## Bridge Design Details 2A October 2019



Figure 2A.A. 1 Vertical Curve Formula
Rate of Change per Station Method Equations:
(1) $R / c=\frac{G_{2}-G_{1}}{L}$
(2) $V=\frac{L \times\left(G_{2}-G_{1}\right)}{2}$
(3) $H=\frac{L x\left(G_{2}+G_{1}\right)}{2}$

From these equations, or a combination of these, any point on a vertical curve can be determined.
$\mathrm{V}=$ Tangent offset from the first point to the second (feet)
H = Difference in elevation from BVC to EVC (feet)
PI = Projected intersection of the approaching and departing grades
$+(\mathrm{V}$ or H$)$ measured upward
-(V or H) measured downward

