

1.2 TERMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

1.2.1 GENERAL

This policy defines terms and standard abbreviations used in the Structure Technical Policy (STP).

1.2.2 TERMS

Article—Article in the Caltrans currently adopted AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications and California Amendments.

Must—Indicates a requirement for compliance.

Shall —Indicates a requirement for compliance unless a Design Exception in accordance with SPD 1-3 is approved.

Should—Indicates a strong preference for a given criterion.

May —Indicates a permissible criterion.

1.2.3 ABBREVIATIONS

For Caltrans' organizations, technical publications, and common terminologies used in Caltrans which used more than one time in an STP, the abbreviation should be used and written out within a bracket after the terminology when they first appear.

1.2.3.1 National Organizations

AASHTO—American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials

ACI-American Concrete Institute

A/SC—American Institute of Steel Construction

AISI- American Iron and Steel Institute

AREMA— American Railway Engineering and Maintenance-of-Way Association

ASBI—American Segmental Bridge Institute

ASCE—American Society of Civil Engineers

ASTM—American Society for Testing and Materials

AWS—American Welding Society



- FEMA—Federal Emergency Management Agency
- FHWA—Federal Highway Administration
- PCI—Precast/Prestressed Concrete Institute
- PTI-Post-tensioning Institute
- NCHRP—National Cooperative Highway Research Program
- NHI-National Highway Institute
- NOAA—National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
- NSBA—National Steel Bridge Alliance
- NTSB-National Transportation Safety Board
- TRB—Transportation Research Board
- USDOT-United States Department of Transportation

1.2.3.2 Terminologies Used Nationwide

- ABC—Accelerated Bridge Construction
- ASD—Allowable Stress Design
- ADTT—Average Daily Truck Traffic
- CIDH—Cast-in-Drilled-Hole
- CIP-Cast-in-Place
- CISS-Cast-in-Steel-Shell
- CVN—Charpy V-notch
- ERS—Earth Retaining System
- FCM—Fracture Critical Member
- FE—Finite Element
- LFD—Load Factor Design
- LRFD—Load and Resistance Factor Design
- MSE—Mechanically Stabilized Earth
- MT—Magnetic Particle Testing
- NBI-National Bridge Inventory
- NDT-Nondestructive Testing
- NHS National Highway System
- PCC—Portland Cement Concrete



- PC/PS—Precast/Prestressed Concrete
- PT—Post-Tensioned; Post-Tensioning
- QA—Quality Assurance
- QC—Quality Control
- RC—Reinforced Concrete
- SIPMF—Stay-In-Place Metal Forms
- UT-Ultrasonic Testing
- WIM-Weigh-in-Motion

1.2.3.3 Caltrans Organizations

- Caltrans—California Department of Transportation
- DES—Division of Engineering Services
- GS—Geotechnical Services
- METS—Materials Engineering and Testing Services
- *PPMOE*—Program/Project Management and Office Engineer
- SM&I—Structure Maintenance and Investigation
- SC—Structure Construction
- SD—Structure Design
- SPB—Structure Policy Board
- SP&I—Structure Policy and Innovation

1.2.3.4 Technical Publications

AASHTO-CA BDS—AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications and California Amendments

AASHTO GSSID—AASHTO Guide Specifications for Seismic Isolation Design

AASHTO MBE—AASHTO Manual for Bridge Evaluation

AASHTO *GSBPB* — AASHTO LRFD Guide Specifications for the Design of Pedestrian Bridges

BCM—Caltrans Bridge Construction Memos

BDD—Caltrans Bridge Design Details Manual

BDM—Caltrans Bridge Design Memos



- BDP-Caltrans Bridge Design Practice Manual
- BDPPM—Caltrans Bridge Design Process and Procedure Manual
- CBSSD—California Bridges and Structures Strategic Direction
- *CFR*—Code of Federal Regulations
- FWM—Caltrans Falsework Manual
- LAPM—Caltrans Local Assistance Procedures Manual
- NSSP—Caltrans Nonstandard Special Provisions
- PSDC—Caltrans Project Specific Design Criteria
- PSP—Caltrans Project Special Provisions
- SDC Caltrans Seismic Design Criteria
- SDSSB—Caltrans Seismic Design Specifications for Steel Bridges
- SPD—Caltrans Structure Policy Directive
- SP—Caltrans Standard Plans
- SS—Caltrans Standard Specifications
- SSP—Caltrans Standard Special Provisions
- STP—Caltrans Structure Technical Policy
- XS Sheets—Caltrans Bridge Standard Detail Sheets

1.2.3.5 Common Terminologies Used in Caltrans

- CMP—Corrugated Metal Pipe
- CPM—Capacity Protected Members
- CRC—Corrosion Resistant Concrete
- CSL—Cross-Hole Sonic Logging
- ECR Epoxy-Coated Reinforcement
- EDA—Elastic Dynamic Analysis
- *EPS*—Earthquake Protection Systems
- ERE—Earthquake-Resisting Element
- ESA Equivalent Static Analysis
- FEE—Functional Evaluation Earthquake
- FPSB—Friction Pendulum Sliding Bearing



- GGL—Gamma-Gamma Logging
- GP—General Plan
- HDPE—High Density Polyethylene
- IQA—Independent Quality Assurance
- LRB—Lead-core Rubber Bearing
- NTHA—Nonlinear Time History Analysis
- PC RCB—Precast Reinforced Concrete Box
- PDCA—Probabilistic Damage Control Approach
- PE—Project Engineer
- PJSA—Caltrans Plate Joint Seal Assembly
- P&Q—Plans and Quantities
- PS&E—Plans, Specifications and Estimates
- PVC—Polyvinyl chloride
- RCB—Reinforced Concrete Box
- RCP—Reinforced Concrete Pipe
- RSP—Rock Slope Protection
- SCM—Seismic Critical Member, Supplementary Cementitious Material
- SEE—Safety Evaluation Earthquake
- SHS—State Highway System